

SATA 6Gb/s 2.5" SSD Manual



The SATA SSD is a non-volatile, solid-state storage device. With its Serial ATA interface and industry-standard form factors, it is a drop in replacement for hard disk drives. The SSD delivers extremely high levels of performance, reliability and ruggedness for I/O intensive or environmentally challenging applications.

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Revision History

Date	Revision	Description	Checked by
7/27/17	draft	Initial draft based on S10 datasheet	
8/23/17	A	Revise temp to -40 to +85. Remove hold-up circuit Note: This feature is not available for client and industrial versions. Add 8W suffix to PNs for pFAIL and write protect	
8/24/17	B	update PN's and specs per vendor spec. Remove TBD's on performance	

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Legal Information

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Ordering Information: 2.5" SSD Solid-State Drive

Part Numbers	SATA Interface	Application	Useable Capacity (GB) ¹	NAND Technology	Temperature Range	NAND
VRFS221T92EICMTL8	SATA 6GB	Client	1920	MLC	(-40 to +85'c)	TSB 15nm L-die
VRFS223T84EIGMTL8	SATA 6GB	Client	3840	MLC	(-40 to +85'c)	TSB 15nm L-die

- Usable capacity based on specification LBA1-03a and level of over-provisioning applied to wear leveling, bad sectors, index tables etc.
- Higher capacity points may be available based on customer application. Consult your local Viking Field Application Engineer.
- SSD's ship unformatted from the factory unless otherwise requested.
- 1 GB = 1,000,000,000 Byte
- One Sector = 512 Byte.

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Enterprise SSD – An Enterprise SSD contains PFAIL hardware and firmware that detect and manage power failures. This allows the drive to flush the controller cache and harden data to NAND flash. No data is lost or corrupted.

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Product Picture(s)



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1 Introduction

Viking SSD's offer the highest flash storage reliability and performance as well as support for many functional features.

1.1 Features

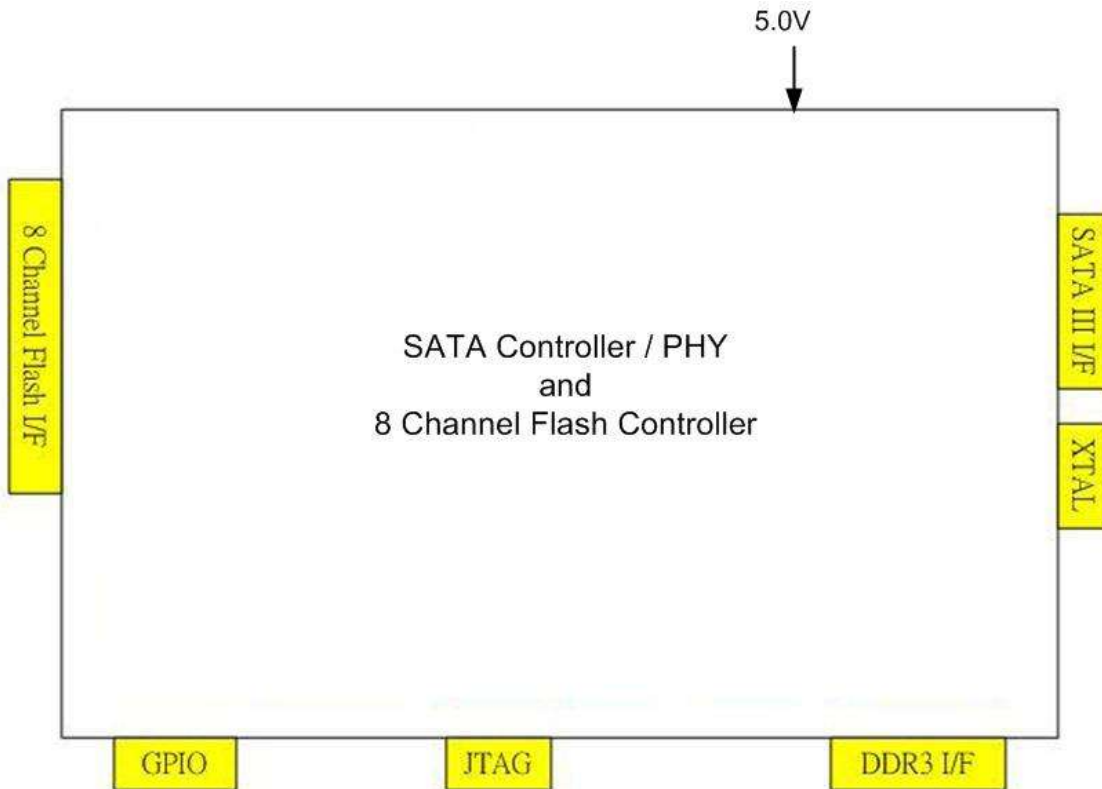
The SSD delivers the following features:

- Seamless SATA Revision 3.2 interface support for SATA up to 6Gb/s
- Low overall SSD power consumption
- Supports Native Command Queuing (NCQ) to 32 commands
- Compatible with all major MLC/TLC/QLC flash technologies
- S.M.A.R.T.
- Power hold-up circuit technology ensures no data loss resulting from an unexpected power loss
- Superior static and dynamic wear-leveling algorithm
- Efficient error recovery
- TRIM Support
- 48-bit LBA Support
- AES 256-bit Encryption
- OPAL 2.0 Support

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1.2 Block Diagram

Figure 1-1: High-Level Block Diagram



Notes: Support for up to 8-channels and 32 CE in the NAND Flash interface

1.3 SATA Interface

- The Serial ATA (SATA) interface is compliant with the SATA IO Serial ATA specification, revision 3.2 that supports SATA up to 6GB/s.
- The SATA interface connects the host computer to the SSD subsystem.
- The SATA interface runs at a maximum speed of 6.0 Gbps (Giga-bits per second). If the host computer is unable to negotiate a speed of 6.0 Gbps, the SATA interface automatically renegotiates to a speed of 3GBPs or 1.5Gbps.

For a list of supported commands and other specifics, please see Chapter 5.

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2 Product Specifications

2.1 Capacity and LBA count

Raw Capacity (GB)	User Capacity (GB)	LBA Count
2048	1920	3,750,748,848
4096	3840	7,501,497,696

Notes:

1. Per LBA1-03 spec, LBA counts = (97,696,368) + (1,953,504 * (Advertised Capacity in GBytes – 50))

2.2 Performance

Table 2-1: Maximum Sustained Read and Write Bandwidth

Access Type	MB/s
Sequential Read, 256K	Up to 550
Sequential Write, 256K	Up to 530

Notes:

1. Performance measured using Crystalmark with queue depth set to 32.
2. Write Cache enabled with DDR3 cache.
3. Refer to Application Note AN0006 for Viking SSD Benchmarking Methodology.
4. Data is based on SSD's capacities > 250GB, using Synchronous NAND devices (ONFI or toggle mode)

Table 2-2: Random Read and Write Input/Output Operations per Second (IOPS)

Access Type	IOPS
Read, 4K	Up to 100,000
Write, 4K	Up to 90,000

Notes:

2. Performance measured using Crystalmark with queue depth set to 32.
3. Write Cache enabled.
4. Random IOPS cover the entire range of legal logical block addresses (LBA's). Measurements are performed on a full drive (all LBA's have valid content).
5. Performance may vary by NAND type and host.
6. Refer to Application Note AN0006 for Viking SSD Benchmarking Methodology.
7. Data is based on SSD's capacities > 250GB, using Synchronous NAND devices (ONFI or toggle mode)

2.3 Timing

Table 2-3: Timing Specifications

Type	Average Latency
Read (at 64KB)	0.14mS
Write (at 64KB)	2.12mS
Power On Ready (POR)	536mS

Notes:

1. Device measured using Drivemaster.
2. DRQ (Data Transfer Requested) bit being asserted

2.4 Electrical Characteristics

2.4.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Values shown are stress ratings only. Functional operation outside normal operating values is not implied. Extended exposure to absolute maximum ratings may affect reliability.

Table 2-4: Absolute Maximum Ratings

Description	Min	Max	Unit
Maximum Voltage Range for V_{in}	-0.2	6	V
Maximum Temperature Range	-40	85	c

2.4.2 Supply Voltage

The operating voltage is 5V.

Table 2-5: Operating Voltage

Description	Min	Max	Unit
Operating Voltage for 5.0 V (+/- 5%)	4.75	5.25	V
Ripple (0-30MHz)		100	mV

2.4.3 Power Consumption

All onboard power requirements of the SSD are derived from the SATA 5.0V input rail.

Table 2-6: Typical Power Consumption

Capacity	Flash: TSB15nm	Read()	Write	Idle	Partial	Slumber
1TB	16GBx2Diex32CE	2.481	4.234	0.651	0.1014	0.1009
2TB	32GBx2Diex32CE	2.481	4.234	0.651	0.1014	0.1009

Notes:

1. The average value of power consumption is achieved based on 100% conversion efficiency.
2. The measured power voltage is 5V.
3. Samples were built of Toshiba A19nm Toggle MLC NAND flash and measured under ambient temperature.
4. Sequential R/W is measured while testing 400MB sequential R/W 5 times by CrystalDiskMark(CDM).
5. Power Consumption may differ according to flash configuration and platform.

2.5 Environmental Conditions

2.5.1 Temperature and Altitude

Table 2-7: Temperature and Altitude Related Specifications

Conditions	Operating	Shipping	Storage
Commercial Temperature - Ambient	0 to 70°C (32 to 158° F)	-40 to 85°C (-40 to 185° F)	-40 to 85°C (-40 to 185° F)
Industrial Temperature - Ambient	-40 to 85°C (-40 to 185° F)	-40 to 85°C (-40 to 185° F)	-40 to 85°C (-40 to 185° F)
Humidity (noncondensing)	90% under 40C	93% under 40C	93% under 40C

Notes:

1. MLC flash based products may be available in the following temperature ranges:
 - a) Commercial temperature range of 0 to 70°C (32 to 158° F)
 - b) Industrial temperature range -40 to 85°C (-40 to 185° F)

2.5.2 Shock and Vibration

SSD products are tested in accordance with environmental specification for shock and vibration

Table 2-8: Shock and Vibration Specifications

Stimulus	Description		
Shock	500G (2ms)		
Vibration	Condition		Vibration Orientation
	Frequency/Displacement	Frequency/Acceleration	
Non-operational	20Hz~80Hz/1.52mm	80Hz~2000Hz/20G	X, Y, Z axis/30 min for each

2.5.3 Electromagnetic Immunity

This SSD is an embedded product for host systems and is designed not to impair with system functionality or hinder system EMI/FCC compliance.

2.6 Reliability

Table 2-9: Reliability Specifications

Parameter	Value
ECC	up to 120bit/2KB ECC circuit (BCH)
MTBF	~ 2,000,000 hours
Read Endurance	Unlimited
Write Endurance	(Refer to Endurance table)
Data retention	MLC is 1 year at NAND expiration

Table 2-10: Endurance Specifications

Capacity	Flash Structure	Terabytes Written (TBW)
2048GB	512GB x 8 (MLC)	930
4096GB	1TB x 8 (MLC)	1860

Notes:

1. Samples to be built using Toshiba 15nm Toggle MLC NAND flash.
2. TBW may differ according to flash configuration and platform.
3. The endurance of SSD could be estimated based on user behavior, NAND endurance cycles, and write amplification factor. It is not guaranteed by flash vendor.

2.7 Data Security

2.7.1 Encryption

The SSD drive is a self-encrypting drive (SED), with a bulk data encryption feature that provides automatic hardware-based data security and enhanced secure erase capability.

A self-encrypting drives, scrambles data using a data encryption key as it is written to the drive and then descrambles it with the key as it is retrieved. This gives the user the highest level of data protection available and provides a fast erase simply by deleting the encryption key, eliminating the need for time consuming data-overwrite. Data on the drive is instantly rendered unreadable.

The SSD supports AES-256 encryption and ATA Secure Erase features to protect sensitive data.

The SSD drives support the following security features:

- AES 256 on the fly support.
- RSA 512/1024/2048
- SHA 160/256/512
- TCG OPAL SSC

2.7.2 Data Integrity Assurance After Unexpected Power Loss

2.7.2.1 Integrated Hold-Up Circuit

The SSD has an integrated hold-up circuit that powers the module for short period of time after a power failure. In the event of an unexpected loss of power, the hold-up circuit is used to supply power to the module to allow the controller time to harden data to the non-volatile NAND flash.

2.7.3 Write Protect

When the SSD reaches end of life with spare blocks exhausted, the software Write Protect mechanism prevents further writes and the SSD is put into a Read-Only-mode.

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2.7.4 Quick Erase

Quick Erase has been designed to remove data under prompt and urgent situation and is triggered by sending an ATA Command.

Input Info of Executing Quick Erase Command

Register	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Features								01h
Sector Count								2Fh
Sector Number								na
Cylinder High								na
Cylinder Low								na
Device/Head								A0h
Command								6Fh

Normal Output Info of Executing Quick Erase Command

Register	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Features	na							
Sector Count	na							
Sector Number	na							
Cylinder High	na							
Cylinder Low	na							
Device/Head	obs	na	obs	DEV	na	na	na	na
Command	BSY	DRDY	DF	na	DRQ	na	na	ERR

Device/Head Register:

DEV shall indicate the selected device.

Status Register:

BSY shall be cleared to zero indicating command completion.

DRDY shall be set to one.

DF (Device Fault) shall be cleared to zero.

DRQ shall be cleared to zero.

ERR shall be cleared to zero.

2.7.5 Military Secure Erase / Sanitization/ Purge Routines

Many government and military organizations such as NIST/NSA define their own standard and procedures for performing a Military Secure Erase which overwrite different patterns to sanitize the flash media. Some of the more common military or government purge routines are defined in the following table and the data security features of the drive comply with Department of Defense (DoD) and US military data security standards.

Table 2-11: Military Secure Erase / Sanitize Routines

Standard	Action	SSD Code ¹
NSA/CSS 9-12	Erase and overwrite all locations with a known unclassified pattern. Verify the overwrite procedure by randomly rereading the overwritten information to confirm that only the known pattern can be recovered.	Note 1
NSA/CSS 130-2	Erase the media and overwrite with random data 2 times, then erase and overwrite with a character	Note 1
DoD5220.22-M	Erase the media and overwrite with single character, then erase again	Note 1
NISPOMSUP	Erase the media and overwrite with single character, then	Note 1

Standard	Action	SSD Code ¹
Chap 8, Sect.8-501	erase again and overwrite with single character, then erase again and overwrite with random character then erase again	
USA Army 380-19	Erase the media and overwrite with random data, erase and overwrite with a character, then erase and overwrite with complement of the character	Note 1
Navy NAVSO P-5239-26	Erase the media and overwrite with random data, then erase again	Note 1
Air Force AFSSI 5020	Erase the media and overwrite with pattern, repeat 3 times	Note 1
Air Force AFSSI 8580	TBD	Note 1

Notes:

1. Enabled using ATA commands

2.7.5.1 AFSSI 5020

Pattern:

- 1) To erase the whole disk.
- 2) To fill the whole disk with random data.

Input Info of Executing AFSSI 5020 Command

Register	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Features	02h							
Sector Count	2Fh							
Sector Number	na							
Cylinder High	na							
Cylinder Low	na							
Device/Head	A0h							
Command	6Fh							

Normal Output Info of Executing AFSSI 5020 Command

Register	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Features	na							
Sector Count	na							
Sector Number	na							
Cylinder High	na							
Cylinder Low	na							
Device/Head	obs	na	obs	DEV	na	na	na	na
Command	BSY	DRDY	DF	na	DRQ	na	na	ERR

Device/Head Register:

DEV shall indicate the selected device.

Status Register:

BSY shall be cleared to zero indicating command completion.

DRDY shall be set to one.

DF (Device Fault) shall be cleared to zero.

DRQ shall be cleared to zero.

ERR shall be cleared to zero.

2.7.5.2 DOD 5220.22-M

Pattern:

- 1) To fill the whole disk with fixed character pattern of 0x55.
- 2) To erase the whole disk.

Input Info of Executing DoD 5220.22-M Command

Register	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Features	03h							
Sector Count	2Fh							
Sector Number	na							
Cylinder High	na							
Cylinder Low	na							
Device/Head	A0h							
Command	6Fh							

Normal Output Info of Executing DoD 5220.22-M Command

Register	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Features	na							
Sector Count	na							
Sector Number	na							
Cylinder High	na							
Cylinder Low	na							
Device/Head	obs	na	obs	DEV	na	na	na	na
Command	BSY	DRDY	DF	na	DRQ	na	na	ERR

Device/Head Register:

DEV shall indicate the selected device.

Status Register:

BSY shall be cleared to zero indicating command completion.

DRDY shall be set to one.

DF (Device Fault) shall be cleared to zero.

DRQ shall be cleared to zero.

ERR shall be cleared to zero.

2.7.5.3 USA NAVY NAVSO P-5239-26

Pattern:

- 1) To erase the whole disk.
- 2) To fill the whole disk with random data.
- 3) To erase the whole disk again.

Input Info of Executing USA Navy NAVSO P-5239-26 Command

Register	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Features								04h
Sector Count								2Fh
Sector Number								na
Cylinder High								na
Cylinder Low								na
Device/Head								A0h
Command								6Fh

Normal Output Info of Executing USA Navy NAVSO P-5239-26 Command

Register	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Features								na
Sector Count								na
Sector Number								na
Cylinder High								na
Cylinder Low								na
Device/Head	obs	na	obs	DEV	na	na	na	na
Command	BSY	DRDY	DF	na	DRQ	na	na	ERR

Device/Head Register:

DEV shall indicate the selected device.

Status Register:

BSY shall be cleared to zero indicating command completion.

DRDY shall be set to one.

DF (Device Fault) shall be cleared to zero.

DRQ shall be cleared to zero.

ERR shall be cleared to zero.

2.7.5.4 NSAMANUAL 130-2

Pattern:

- 1) To erase the whole disk.
- 2) To fill the whole disk with random data.
- 3) To fill the whole disk with random data one more time.
- 4) To erase the whole disk again.
- 5) To fill the whole disk with fixed character pattern of 0x55.

Input Info of Executing NSA Manual 130-2 Command

Register	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Features	05h							
Sector Count	2Fh							
Sector Number	na							
Cylinder High	na							
Cylinder Low	na							
Device/Head	A0h							
Command	6Fh							

Normal Output Info of Executing NSA Manual 130-2 Command

Register	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Features	na							
Sector Count	na							
Sector Number	na							
Cylinder High	na							
Cylinder Low	na							
Device/Head	obs	na	obs	DEV	na	na	na	na
Command	BSY	DRDY	DF	na	DRQ	na	na	ERR

Device/Head Register:

DEV shall indicate the selected device.

Status Register:

BSY shall be cleared to zero indicating command completion.

DRDY shall be set to one.

DF (Device Fault) shall be cleared to zero.

DRQ shall be cleared to zero.

ERR shall be cleared to zero.

2.7.5.5 USA-ARMY 380-19

Pattern:

- 1) To erase the whole disk.
- 2) To fill the whole disk with random data.
- 3) To fill the whole disk with fixed character pattern of 0x55.
- 4) To fill the whole disk with fixed character pattern of 0xAA.

Input Info of Executing USA-Army 380-19 Command

Register	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Features	06h							
Sector Count	2Fh							
Sector Number	na							
Cylinder High	na							
Cylinder Low	na							
Device/Head	A0h							
Command	6Fh							

Normal Output Info of Executing USA-Army 380-19 Command

Register	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Features	na							
Sector Count	na							
Sector Number	na							
Cylinder High	na							
Cylinder Low	na							
Device/Head	obs	na	obs	DEV	na	na	na	na
Command	BSY	DRDY	DF	na	DRQ	na	na	ERR

Device/Head Register:

DEV shall indicate the selected device.

Status Register:

BSY shall be cleared to zero indicating command completion.

DRDY shall be set to one.

DF (Device Fault) shall be cleared to zero.

DRQ shall be cleared to zero.

ERR shall be cleared to zero.

2.7.5.6 NISPOMSUP CHAP 8, SECT. 8-501

Pattern:

- 1) To fill the whole disk with fixed character pattern of 0x55.
- 2) To fill the whole disk with fixed character pattern of 0xAA.
- 3) To fill the whole disk with random data.

Input Info of Executing NISPOMSUP chap 8, Sect. 8-501 Command

Register	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Features								07h
Sector Count								2Fh
Sector Number								na
Cylinder High								na
Cylinder Low								na
Device/Head								A0h
Command								6Fh

Normal Output Info of Executing NISPOMSUP chap 8, Sect. 8-501 Command

Register	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Features								na
Sector Count								na
Sector Number								na
Cylinder High								na
Cylinder Low								na
Device/Head	obs	na	obs	DEV	na	na	na	na
Command	BSY	DRDY	DF	na	DRQ	na	na	ERR

Device/Head Register:

DEV shall indicate the selected device.

Status Register:

BSY shall be cleared to zero indicating command completion.

DRDY shall be set to one.

DF (Device Fault) shall be cleared to zero.

DRQ shall be cleared to zero.

ERR shall be cleared to zero.

2.7.5.7 NSA/CSS 9-12

Pattern:

- 1) To fill the whole disk with fixed character pattern of 0x55.

Input Info of Executing NSA/CSS 9-12 Command

Register	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Features	08h							
Sector Count	2Fh							
Sector Number	na							
Cylinder High	na							
Cylinder Low	na							
Device/Head	A0h							
Command	6Fh							

Normal Output Info of Executing NSA/CSS 9-12 Command

Register	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Features	na							
Sector Count	na							
Sector Number	na							
Cylinder High	na							
Cylinder Low	na							
Device/Head	obs	na	obs	DEV	na	na	na	na
Command	BSY	DRDY	DF	na	DRQ	na	na	ERR

Device/Head Register:

DEV shall indicate the selected device.

Status Register:

BSY shall be cleared to zero indicating command completion.

DRDY shall be set to one.

DF (Device Fault) shall be cleared to zero.

DRQ shall be cleared to zero.

ERR shall be cleared to zero.

2.7.5.8 AFSSI 8580

Pattern:

- 1) To fill the whole disk with fixed character pattern of 0x55.
- 2) To fill the whole disk with fixed character pattern of 0xAA.
- 3) To fill the whole disk with random data.

Input Info of Executing AFSSI 8580 Command

Register	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Features	09h							
Sector Count	2Fh							
Sector Number	na							
Cylinder High	na							
Cylinder Low	na							
Device/Head	A0h							
Command	6Fh							

Normal Output Info of Executing AFSSI 8580 Command

Register	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Features	na							
Sector Count	na							
Sector Number	na							
Cylinder High	na							
Cylinder Low	na							
Device/Head	obs	na	obs	DEV	na	na	na	na
Command	BSY	DRDY	DF	na	DRQ	na	na	ERR

Device/Head Register:

DEV shall indicate the selected device.

Status Register:

BSY shall be cleared to zero indicating command completion.

DRDY shall be set to one.

DF (Device Fault) shall be cleared to zero.

DRQ shall be cleared to zero.

ERR shall be cleared to zero.

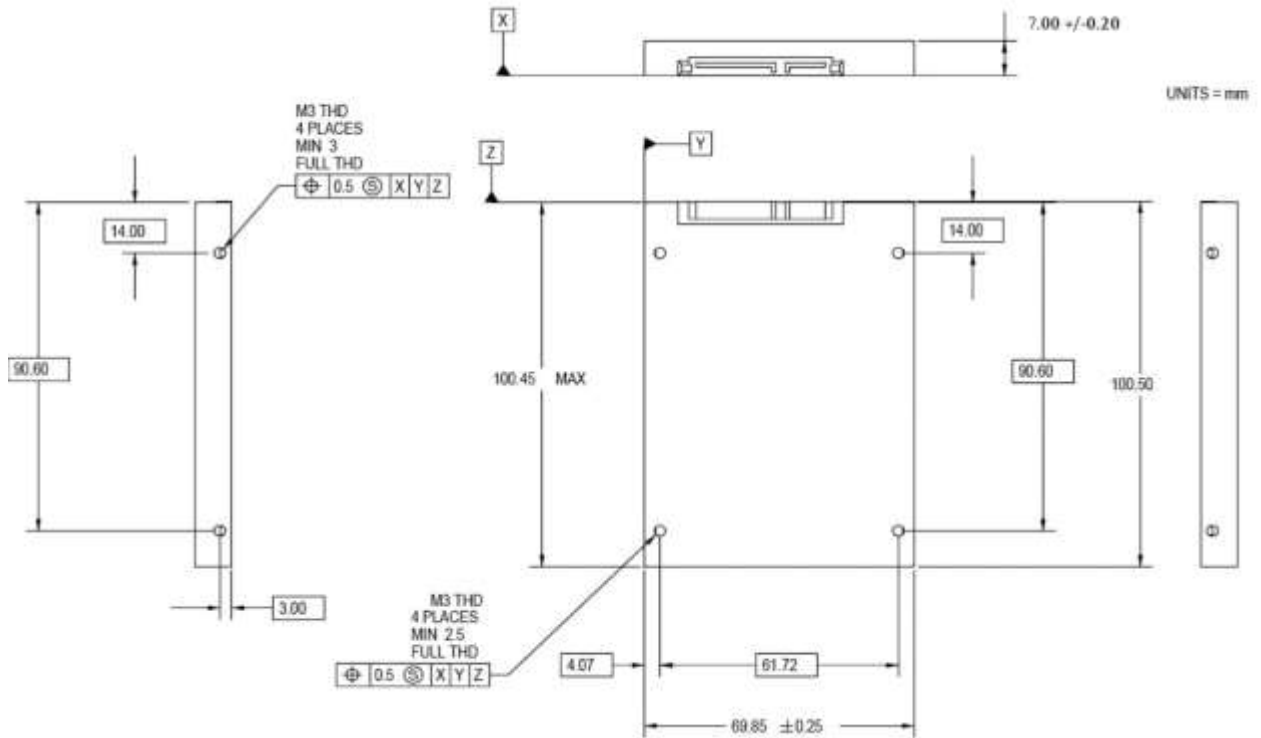
3 Mechanical Information

3.1 SSD Physical Dimensions

Table 3-1: Physical Dimensions

	Dimensions	Units
Height / Thickness	7.00	mm
Width	69.85	mm
Length	100.5 Max	mm

Figure 3-1: 2.5" SSD Case Dimensions



Notes: All dimensions are in millimeters, +/- 0.2mm, unless otherwise stated. Reference SATA connector specifications

3.2 SSD Weight

The weight of the 2.5" SSD is approximately 61 grams (1TB drive).

4 Pin and Signal Descriptions

4.1 SSD Signal and Power Description Tables

Table 4-1: Serial ATA Connector Pin Signal Definitions

Pin	Function	Definition	Mating Order
S1	SGND_1	Signal Ground	2nd
S2	RX+ on SSD, TX+ on Host	Differential Signal	1st
S3	RX- on SSD, TX- on Host	Differential Signal	1st
S4	SGND_2	Signal Ground	2nd
S5	TX- on SSD, RX- on Host	Differential Signal	1st
S6	TX+ on SSD, RX+ on Host	Differential Signal	1st
S7	SGND_3	Signal Ground	2nd

Notes: Key and spacing separate signal and power segments. Pin locations and layout are consistent with SATA specification.

Table 4-2: Serial ATA Power Pin Definitions

Pin	Function	Definition	Mating Order
P1	3.3V_1	No connection (open circuit)	2nd
P2	3.3V_2	No connection (open circuit)	2nd
P3	DEVSLP	No connection (open circuit)	1st
P4	GND_1	Ground	1st
P5	GND_2	Ground	1st
P6	GND_3	Ground	1st
P7	5V_1	5VDC Power precharge	1st
P8	5V_2	5VDC Power	2nd
P9	5V_3	5VDC Power	2nd
P10	GND_4	Ground	1st
P11	Activity	reserved	2nd
P12	GND_5	Ground	1st
P13	12V_1	No connection (open circuit)	
P14	12V_2	Optional 10k-ohm PD for legacy support on old versions.	
P15	12V_3		

4.2 Hot Plug Support

Hot Plug insertion and removal are supported in the presence of a proper connector and appropriate operating system (OS) support as described in the SATA Revision 3.2 specification. This product supports Asynchronous Signal Recovery and will issue an unsolicited COMINIT when first mated with a powered connector to guarantee reliable detection by a host system without hardware device detection.

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5 Command Sets

5.1 ATA Commands

Table 5-1: Supported ATA Commands

Description	Op Code	Description	Op Code
Check power mode	E5h	Security Disable Password	F6h
Data Set management	06h	Security Erase Prepare	F3h
DCO	B1h	Security Erase Unit	F4h
Download Microcode PIO	92h	Security Freeze Lock	F5h
Download Microcode DMA	93h	Security Set Password	F1h
Execute drive diagnostic	90h	Security Unlock	F2h
Flush cache	E7h	Seek	70h
Flush cache Ext	EAh	Set features	EFh
Identify device	ECh	Set Max Address	F9h
Idle	E3h	Set Max Address Ext	37h
Idle immediate	E1h	Set multiple mode	C6h
Initialize drive parameters	91h	Sleep	E6h
Read buffer	E4h	Smart	B0h
Read DMA (w/o retry)	C9h	Standby	E2h
Read DMA (w/retry)	C8h	Standby immediate	E0h
Read DMA Ext	25h	Write buffer	E8h
Read FPDMA QUEUED	60h	Write DMA (w/o retry)	CBh
Read Log Ext	2Fh	Write DMA (w/retry)	CAh
Read multiple	C4h	Write DMA Ext	35h
Read multiple Ext	29h	Write DMA FUA Ext	3Dh
Read native max address	F8h	Write FPDMA QUEUED	61h
Read native max Ext	27h	Write Log Ext	3Fh
Read sector(s) (w/o retry)	21h	Write multiple	C5h
Read sector(s) (w/retry)	20h	Write multiple Ext	39h
Read sector(s) Ext	24h	Write multiple FUA Ext	CEh
Read Verify Ext	42h	Write sector(s) (w/o retry)	31h
Read verify sector(s) (w/o retry)	41h	Write sector(s) (w/retry)	30h
Read verify sector(s) (w/retry)	40h	Write sector(s) Ext	34h
Recalibrate	10h	Write uncorrectable	45h

5.1.1 48-Bit Address Command Set

SSD supports the 48-Bit Address command set consisting of:

- Flush Cache Ext
- Read DMA Ext
- Read native Max Address Ext
- Read Sector(s) Ext
- Set Max Address Ext
- Write DMA Ext
- Write Multiple Ext
- Write Sector(s) Ext

5.1.2 ATA General Feature Command Set

SSD supports the ATA General Feature command set consisting of:

- Download Microcode
- Executive Device Diagnostics
- Flush Cache
- Identify Device
- NOP (optional)
- Read Buffer (optional)
- Read DMA
- Read Multiple
- Read Sector(s)
- Read Verify Sector(s)
- Seek
- Set Features
- Set Multiple Mode
- Write Buffer (optional)
- Write DMA
- Write Multiple
- Write Sector(s)

5.1.3 Device Configuration Overlay Command Set

SSD supports the Device Configuration Overlay command set consisting of:

- Device Configuration Freeze Lock
- Device Configuration Identity
- Device Configuration Restore
- Device Configuration Set

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5.1.4 General Purpose Log Command Set

SSD supports the General Purpose Log command set consisting of:

- Read Log Ext
- Write Log Ext

5.1.5 Host Protected Area Command Set

SSD supports the Host Protected Area command set consisting of:

- Read Native Max Address
- Read Native Max Address Ext
- Set Max Address
- Set Max Address Ext
- Set Max Freeze Lock (optional)
- Set Max Lock (optional)
- Set Max Set Password (optional)
- Set Max Unlock (optional)

5.1.6 Power Management Command Set

SSD supports the Power Management command set consisting of:

- Check Power Mode
- Idle
- Idle Immediate
- Sleep
- Standby
- Standby Immediate
- Slumber
- Partial Mode

5.1.7 Security Mode Feature Set

SSD supports the Security Mode command set consisting of:

- Security Set Password (OPCODE: F1h)
- Security Unlock (OPCODE: F2h)
- Security Erase Prepare (OPCODE: F3h)
- Security Erase Unit (OPCODE: F4h)
- Security Freeze Lock (OPCODE: F5h)
- Security Disable Password (OPCODE: F6h)
- Standby Immediate

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5.1.8 Identify Device Data

The table below lists the sector data that will be returned by the SSD upon an IDENTIFY DEVICE command.

Table 5-2: List of Device Identification

Word	F: Fixed V: Variable X: Both	Default Value	Description
0	F	0040h	General configuration bit-significant information
1	X	3FFFh	Obsolete – Number of logical cylinders (16383)
2	V	C837h	Specific configuration
3	X	0010h	Obsolete – Number of logical heads (16)
4-5	X	00000000h	Retired
6	X	003Fh	Obsolete – Number of logical sectors per logical track (63)
7-8	V	00000000h	Reserved for assignment by the Compact Flash Association
9	X	0000h	Retired
10-19	F	Varies	Serial number (20 ASCII characters)
20-21	X	0000h	Retired
22	X	0000h	Obsolete
23-26	F	Varies	Firmware revision (8 ASCII characters)
27-46	F	Varies	Model number (xxxxxxx)
47	F	8010h	7:0- Maximum number of sectors transferred per interrupt on MULTIPLE commands
48	F	0000h	Reserved
49	F	2F00h	Capabilities
50	F	4000h	Capabilities
51-52	X	000000000h	Obsolete
53	F	0007h	Words 88 and 70:64 valid
54	X	3FFFh	Obsolete – Number of logical cylinders (16383)
55	X	0010h	Obsolete – Number of logical heads (16)
56	X	003Fh	Obsolete – Number of logical sectors per track (63)
57-58	X	00FBFC10h	Obsolete – Current capacity in sectors –
59	F	0110h	Number of sectors transferred per interrupt on MULTIPLE commands
60-61	F	8GB-128GB	Total number of user addressable sectors
62	X	0000h	Obsolete
63	F	0407h	Multi-word DMA modes supported/selected
64	F	0003h	PIO modes supported
65	F	0078h	Minimum Multiword DMA transfer cycle time per word
66	F	0078h	Manufacturer's recommended Multiword DMA transfer cycle time

Word	F: Fixed V: Variable X: Both	Default Value	Description
67	F	0078h	Minimum PIO transfer cycle time without flow control
68	F	0078h	Minimum PIO transfer cycle time with IORDY flow control
69	F	0100h	Additional Supported (support download microcode DMA)
70	F	0000h	Reserved
71-74	F	0000000000000000 0h	Reserved for the IDENTIFY PACKET DEVICE command
75	F	001Fh	Queue depth
76	F	0706h	Serial SATA capabilities
77	F	0000h	Reserved for future Serial ATA definition
78	F	0044h	Serial ATA features supported
79	V	0040H	Serial ATA features enabled
80	F	01F8h	Major Version Number
81	F	0000h	Minor Version Number
82	F	346Bh	Command set supported
83	F	70D9h	Command set supported
84	F	6023h	Command set/feature supported extension
85	V	3469h	Command set/feature enabled
86	V	BC01h	Command set/feature enabled
87	V	6023h	Command set/feature default
88	V	003Fh	Ultra DMA Modes
89	F	001Eh	Time required for security erase unit completion
90	F	001Eh	Time required for Enhanced security erase completion
91	V	0000h	Current advanced power management value
92	V	FFFEh	Master Password Revision Code
93	F	0000h	Hardware reset result. The contents of the bits (12:0) of this word shall change only during the execution of s hardware reset.
94	V	0000h	Vendor's recommended and actual acoustic management value
95	F	0000h	Stream Minimum Request Size
96	V	0000h	Streaming Transfer Time – DMA
97	V	0000h	Streaming Access Latency – DMA and PIO
98-99	F	0000h	Streaming Performance Granularity
100-103	V	8GB-256GB	Maximum user LBA for 48 bit Address feature set
104	V	0000h	Streaming Transfer Time – PIO
105	F	0000h	Maximum number of 512-byte blocks per DATA SET MANAGEMENT command
106	F	4000h	Physical sector size / Logical sector size
107	F	0000h	Inter-seek delay for ISO-7779 acoustic testing in microseconds

Word	F: Fixed V: Variable X: Both	Default Value	Description
108-111	F	0000000000000000 0h	Unique ID
112-115	F	0000000000000000 0h	Reserved
116	V	0000h	Reserved
117-118	F	00000000h	Words per logical Sector
119	F	4015h	Supported settings
120	F	4015h	Command set/Feature Enabled/Supported
121-126	F	0h	Reserved
127	F	0h	Removable Media Status Notification feature set support
128	V	0021h	Security status
129-159	X	0h	Vendor specific
160	F	0h	Compact Flash Association (CFA) power mode 1
161-167	X	0h	Reserved for assignment by the CFA
168	F	Tbd 3h: 2.5 inch 4h: 1.8 inch 5h: < 1.8 inch	Device Nominal Form Factor
169	F	0001h	DATA SET MANAGEMENT command is supported
170-173	F	0h	Additional Product Identifier
174-175		0h	Reserve
176-205	V	0h	Current media serial number
206	F	0h	SCT Command Transport(
207-208	F	0h	Reserved
209	F	4000h	Alignment of logical blocks within a physical block
210-211	V	0000h	Write-Read-Verify Sector Count Mode 3 (not supported)
212-213	F	0000h	Write-Read-Verify Sector Count Mode 2 (not supported)
214-216		0000h	NV Cache relate (not supported)
217	F	0001h	Non-rotating media device
218	F	0h	Reserved
219	F	0h	NV Cache relate (not supported)
220	V	0h	Write read verify feature set current mode
221		0h	Reserved
222	F	101Fh	Transport major version number
223	F	0h	Transport minor version number
224-229		0h	reserved
230-233		0h	Extend number of user addressable sectors
234		0001h	Minimum number of 512-byte data blocks per DOWNLOAD MICROCODE command for mode 03h
235		00FFh	Maximum number of 512-byte data blocks per

Word	F: Fixed V: Variable X: Both	Default Value	Description
			DOWNLOAD MICROCODE command for mode 03h
236-254	F	0h	Reserved
255	X	XXA5h XX is variable	Integrity word (Checksum and Signature)

5.1.1 S.M.A.R.T. Support

Data storage drives capture a variety of information during operation that may be used to analyze drive —health. SATA drives provide Self-Monitoring, Analysis and Reporting Technology (SMART) features that include monitoring and storing critical performance and calibration parameters to attempt to predict the likelihood of near-term degradation or fault conditions. Drive manufacturers have adopted S.M.A.R.T. to help warn system software, a system administrator, or a user of impending drive failure, while time remains to take preventive action. It provides the host system with the knowledge of a negative reliability condition to allow the host system to warn the user of the impending risk of data loss and advise the user of the appropriate action.

The technical documentation for S.M.A.R.T. is captured in the AT Attachment (ATA) standard. The standard defines the protocols for reporting errors and for invoking self-tests to collect and analyze data on demand. The ATA specification is flexible and provides for individual manufacturers to define their own unique vendor specific information. This section describes the baseline supported S.M.A.R.T. command attributes. The information herein should be used in conjunction with the ATA standard and related documents, which may serve as references for topics and details not addressed here. Further, it is recommended to consult the list of public S.M.A.R.T. attributes.

The supported S.M.A.R.T. command set is listed in the table below. See the AT Attachment standard for implementation details.

5.1.2 S.M.A.R.T. Command Set

The supported S.M.A.R.T. command set is listed in the table below. See the AT Attachment standard for implementation details.

Table 5-3: S.M.A.R.T. Command Set

Value (hex)	Command
00-CF	Reserved
D0	S.M.A.R.T. read attributes
D1*	S.M.A.R.T. read threshold
D2	S.M.A.R.T. enable/disable attribute autosave
D3*	S.M.A.R.T. save attribute values
D4	S.M.A.R.T. execute off-line immediate
D5	S.M.A.R.T. read log sector
D6	S.M.A.R.T. write log sector
D7*	S.M.A.R.T. write attribute threshold
D8	S.M.A.R.T. enable operations
D9	S.M.A.R.T. disable operations
DA	S.M.A.R.T. return status
DB	S.M.A.R.T. enable/disable automatic off-line
DC-FF	Reserved (Vendor Specific)
* Note that D1, D3, and D7 have been made obsolete in the ATA-8 specification.	

5.1.2.1 Extended SMART Attributes

Table 5-4: Extended SMART Attribute Table

SMART Attribute ID	Description
01h	Number of accumulated Uncorrectable errors (Range 0-255) Read Error Rate
05h	Reallocated Sector Count
09h	Power-On hours Count (Range 0-4294967295)
0Ch	Drive Power Cycle Count (Number of accumulated power on/off cycles)
A8h	SATA PHY Error Count (only record from power on, when power off this value will clear to zero) this value include all PHY error count, ex data FIS CRC ,code error, disparity error ,command FIS CRC
AAh	Max Bad Block Count (will show early bad and later bad block count)
ADh	Erase count (average, max, erase count)
B1h	Wear Range delta [(most wear block – average wear block)/Max P/E cycles] x 100
B5h	Program Fail Count
B6h	Erase Failure Block Count
BBh	Reported Uncorrectable Errors (ECC fail count) 4bytes 01h only 1 bytes
C0h	Unexpected Power Loss Count

SMART Attribute ID	Description
C2h	N/A
C7h	Number of accumulated CRC Error (read/write data FIS CRC error) CRC Error Count (R CRC + W CRC)
DAh	Number of accumulated CRC Error (read/write data FIS CRC error) Number of CRC Errors
E7h	SSD life remaining
E8h	Read Failure Block Count
E9h	Lifetime Writes to Flash ((GB)
F1h	Lifetime Writes from Host (each G)
F2h	Lifetime Reads from Host (each G)
F3h	Total internal copy ECC error count
F4h	Average erase count (4bytes)
F5h	Max erase count (4 bytes)
F6h	Total Erase Count (6 bytes)
FAh	Read retry count
FBh	Do wear-leveling count
FCh	CRC error write count

Notes: Dummy is null and not used

Table 5-5: Extended SMART Attribute Actual Data

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
ID	Flag	Flag	Value	Worse	DATA							Threshold
01h	0Bh	00h	64h	64h	0	0	ECC error	0	0	0	0	32h
05h	13h	00h	64h	64h	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	32h
09h	12h	00h	64h	64h	Power on hour		0	0	0	0	0	00h
0Ch	12h	00h	64h	64h	Power on/off cycles				0	0	0	00h
A8h	12h	00h	64h	64h	SATA PHY error count				0	0	0	00h
AAh	03h	00h	Note 1	Note 1	Early bad block NO		0	0	Later bad block NO		0	0Ah
ADh	12h	00h	64h	64h	Max erase count (MAX 65535)		Average erase count (MAX 65535)		0 0		0	00h
B1h	00h	00h	00h	00h	The value				0	0	0	00h
B5h	12h	00h	00h	00h	Total program bad blocks count				0	0	0	00h
	32h	00h	00h	00h	Total erase bad blocks count				0	0	0	00h

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
ID	Flag	Flag	Value	Worse	DATA							Threshold
B6h												
BBh	03h	00h	00h	00h	Total ECC error count				0	0	0	00h
C0h	12h	00h	64h	64h	number of accidental power loss count				0	0	0	00h
C2h	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A
C7h	12h	00h	64h	64h	CRC Error Count (R CRC + W CRC)				0	0	0	00h
DAh	0Bh	00h	64h	64h	Number of CRC Error				0	0	0	32h
E7h	13h	00h	64h	64h	% SSD life remaining (Note 2)				0	0	0	00h
E8h	0Bh	00h	64h	64h	Total Read bad Block Count				0	0	0	00h
E9h	0Bh	00h	64h	64h	Flash write 64GB each count				0	0	0	00h
F1h	32h	00h	00h	00h	Host write 64GB count				0	0	0	00h
F2h	32h	00h	00h	00h	Host read 64GB count)				0	0	0	00h
F3h	02h	00h	64h	64h	Total internal copy ecc error count				0	0	0	00h
F4h	02h	00h	64h	64h	Total Average erase count				0	0	0	00h
F5h	02h	00h	64h	64h	Max erase count				0	0	0	00h
F6h	02h	00h	64h	64h	Total Erase Count					0	00h	
FAh	02h	00h	64h	64h	Read retry Count					0	00h	
FBh	02h	00h	64h	64h	Cool down Count					0	00h	
FCh	02h	00h	64h	64h	CRC write Count					0	00h	

Note 1 Formula:

MABN: Maximum acceptable bad block number

CBBN: Current bad block number

$$\text{Value} = ((\text{MABN} - \text{CBBN}) / (\text{MABN})) \times 100$$

This formula calculates percentage of spare blocks. Value will be from 100 to 1

Note 2 Formula:

Average erase count / MAX erase count (MLC PE) * 100 (percentage)

Micron L95B or Toshiba 15nm MLC PE is 3000

SLC PE is 100000

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5.1.2.2 Off-line Mode

SSD's support the optional 28-bit S.M.A.R.T. EXECUTION OFF-LINE IMMEDIATE (B0h/D4h) command per the ATA-8 specification. This command causes the SSD to initiate the collection of S.M.A.R.T. data in an off-line mode and then preserves this data across power and reset events. Supported subcommands include those shown in the table below. Reference the ATA-8 specification for subcommand detail.

Table 5-6: Supported S.M.A.R.T. EXECUTE OFF-LINE IMMEDIATE Subcommands

Value	Description
00h	Execute S.M.A.R.T. off-line routine immediately in off-line mode
01h	Execute S.M.A.R.T. Short self-test routine immediately in off-line mode
02h	Execute S.M.A.R.T. Extended self-test routine immediately in off-line mode
04h	Execute S.M.A.R.T. Selective self-test routine immediately in off-line mode
7Fh	Abort off-line mode self-test routine
81h	Execute S.M.A.R.T. Short self-test routine immediately in captive mode
82h	Execute S.M.A.R.T. Extended self-test routine immediately in captive mode
84h	Execute S.M.A.R.T. Selective self-test routine immediately in captive mode

5.2 SATA Commands

The SATA Revision 3 specification is a super set of the ATA/ATAPI-7 specification with regard to supported commands. SSD's support the following features that are unique to the SATA specification.

5.2.1 Native Command Queuing (NCQ)

SSD's support the Native Command Queuing (NCQ) command set, which consists of

- READ FPDMA QUEUED
- WRITE FPDMA QUEUED

Notes: With a maximum queue depth less than or equal to 32.

6 References

- Serial ATA Specification, Revision 3.2

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7 Glossary

This document incorporates many industry- and device-specific words. Use the following list to define a variety of terms and acronyms.

Term	Definition
ATA	Advanced Technology Attachment
ATAPI	Advanced Technology Attachment Packet Interface
BER	Bit error rate, or percentage of bits that have errors relative to the total number of bits received
DIPM	Device Initiated Link Power Management. The ability of the device to request SATA link power state changes.
DMA	Direct Memory Access
eMLC	Enterprise Multi-Level Cell
EXT	Extended
FP	First Party
GB	Giga-byte defined as 1×10^9 bytes
HDD	Hard Disk Drive
Hot Plug	A term used to describe the removal or insertion of a SATA storage drive when the system is powered on.
IOPS	Input output operations per second
LBA	Logical Block Address
MB	Mega-bytes defined as 1×10^6 bytes
MLC	Multi-Level Cell
MTBF	Mean Time Between Failures
NCQ	Native Command Queuing. The ability of the SATA hard drive to queue and re-order commands to maximize execution efficiency.
NOP	No Operation
OS	Operating System
Port	The point at which a SATA drive physically connects to the SATA controller.
RMS	Root Mean Squared
RPM	Revolutions Per Minute
SAS	Serial Attached SCSI
SATA	Serial ATA
SFF	Small Form Factor
SLC	Single Level Cell
S.M.A.R.T.	Self-Monitoring, Analysis and Reporting Technology: an open standard for developing hard drives and software systems that automatically monitors a hard drive's health and reports potential problems.
SSD	Solid-State Drive